

MARKET NEWS

- Global financial markets experienced an uptick in volatility during August as China's devaluation of its local currency drove fears of a slowdown in the world's second-largest economy
 - The Dow Jones Industrial Average traded in an over 2000 point range during the month and closed August down almost 6.6%¹
 - Weakness in China's economy hurt commodity demand, driving fears of deflation – crude oil fell to \$38 per barrel mid-month for the first time since 2009, before surging 29% to \$49 as producers alluded to cutting supply¹
- The US economy displayed strength amid weakening global financial conditions – the second reading of US gross domestic product (GDP) revealed the economy grew 3.7% in the second quarter, up from an initial estimate of 2.3%¹
 - Late last week, Federal Reserve (Fed) Vice Chairman Stanley Fischer suggested that the Committee is still on course to increase rates this year given the healthy US outlook
- Investment-grade bonds proved resilient as investors flocked to the relative safety of the fixed-income market, but expectations of tighter Fed policy continued to weigh on Treasuries
 - As illustrated below, the durability of high-quality bonds during times of market stress demonstrates the value of diversification, as fixed income can provide a cushion against equity market corrections
 - The 10-year Treasury rate closed the month a modest 4bps higher at 2.22% and traded as low as 1.90% during the equity sell-off last Monday¹
- In the corporate market, new issue slowed given the late August timeline and overall weak market tone – investment-grade supply totaled less than \$50 billion versus a monthly average of over \$100 billion year-to-date²
 - The primary market is anticipated to pick up between Labor Day and the Fed's mid-September meeting, with over \$100 billion expected this month
- Investment-grade spreads widened 14bps to 168bps mid-month, but recovered 5bps to close August at 163bps as investors stepped in to buy at cheap levels³
- Agency mortgage-backed securities (MBS) generally benefitted from a lower correlation to macro headlines and more balanced net supply expectations through year-end versus other spread sectors
- The municipal bond market performed strongly amid higher Treasury yields and spread widening in corporate sectors – the 10-year municipal/Treasury ratio fell 6% to 100% during the month¹

MARKET STATISTICS

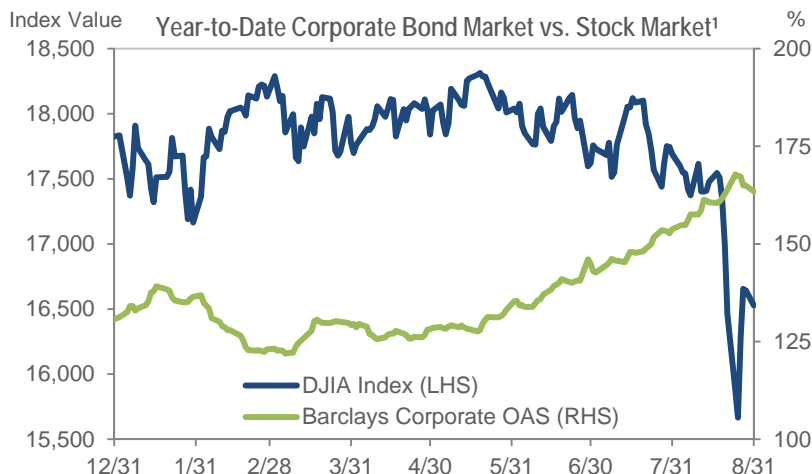
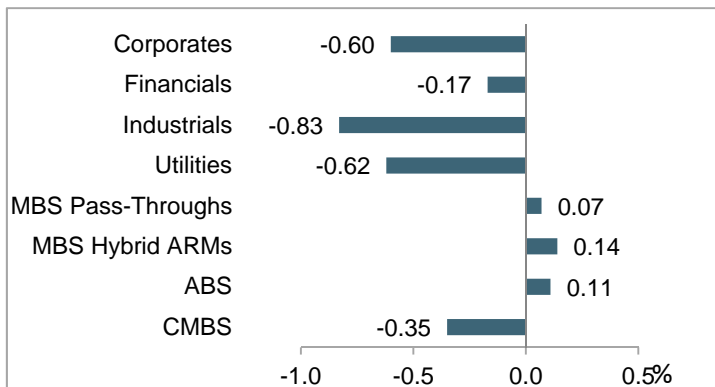
Treasury Yield Curve¹

Maturity	2-year	5-year	10-year	30-year
8/31/15	0.74	1.55	2.22	2.96
MTD Change	0.08	0.02	0.04	0.06

Market Returns¹

Market	Close	MTD	YTD
Dow Jones IA Index	16,528	-6.6%	-7.3%
Barclays Agg Index	1,923	-0.1%	0.5%
Oil	\$49.20	3.5%	-15.4%

August Excess Returns^{2*}



As Of: 8/31/15. Sources: 1. Bloomberg 2. JPMorgan 3. Barclays

*Excess returns are the curve-adjusted excess return of a given index relative to a term structure-matched position in Treasuries.

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