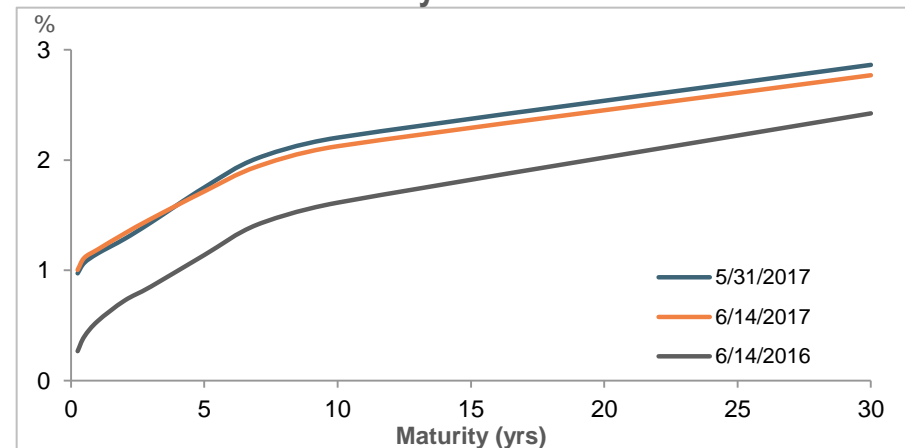




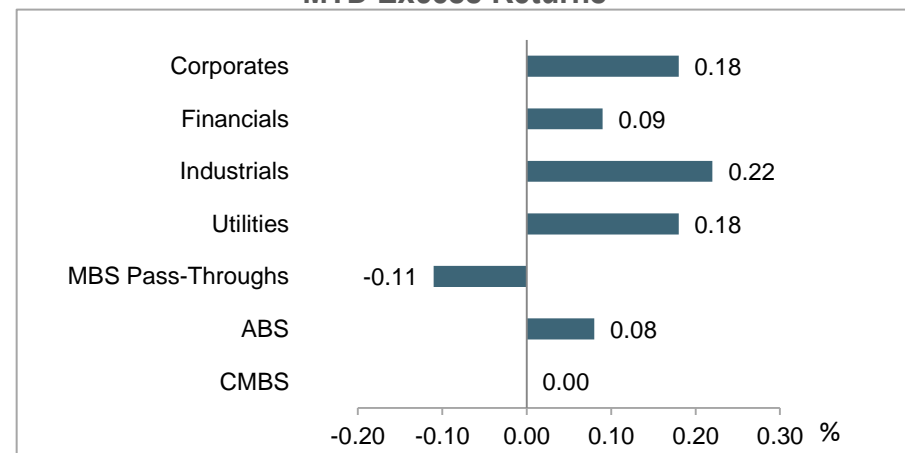
- As expected, the Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) voted to hike its overnight rate by 25bps¹
 - Additionally, the FOMC confirmed that it expects to begin unwinding its \$4.5 trillion balance sheet at some point this year
 - The FOMC will shrink its balance sheet by allowing a small but increasing amount of securities to mature each month, starting with \$6 billion for Treasuries and \$4 billion for mortgages
- The Consumer Price Index (CPI) decreased 0.1% in May, which was below expectations¹
 - The drop in energy prices during May was a major driver, and it was the second monthly CPI decline over the past three months
 - Core CPI, which excludes food and energy, rose only 1.7% over the past 12 months, the smallest increase since May 2015
- The Treasury curve continued to flatten following the FOMC overnight rate hike and weak CPI print¹
 - The 2-year Treasury yield rose 2bps on the week to 1.33%, while the 30-year Treasury fell 7bps to 2.77%
- Retail sales came in below expectations, decreasing by 0.3% during May, reflecting the biggest monthly drop in 16 months¹
- Oil prices dropped to their lowest levels of 2017 following disappointing crude oil inventory data and an unexpected build in gasoline inventories¹
- After six straight weeks of corporate issuance exceeding \$20 billion, supply was softer this week, with roughly \$10 billion pricing²
- Corporate spreads, having traded from 112bps to 114bps over the past 20 trading days, remain range-bound and closed at 112bps¹
- Asset-backed securities (ABS) have outperformed Treasuries month-to-date given strong demand for high-quality, short duration paper¹
- Municipals underperformed Treasuries this week, and the 10-year municipal/Treasury ratio increased 3% on the week to 87%¹

Treasury Yield Curve¹



| Maturity | 2-year | 5-year | 10-year | 30-year |
|------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| 6/14/2017 | 1.33 | 1.72 | 2.13 | 2.77 |
| MTD Change | 0.05 | -0.03 | -0.07 | -0.09 |

MTD Excess Returns^{1*}



Sources: 1. Bloomberg Barclays 2. Citigroup

*Excess returns are the curve-adjusted excess return of a given index relative to a term structure-matched position in Treasuries.

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