• The Treasury curve flattened month-to-date with the 2-year rising 14bps to 0.72% and the 30-year falling 7bps to 2.21%¹

• As expected, following this week’s meeting, the Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) left the federal funds rate unchanged
  • Recent reports suggest that the US economy is strengthening; however, the FOMC remains concerned about inflation and prolonged global uncertainty

• Investment-grade corporate issuers priced over $20 billion this week, pushing month-to-date supply close to $100 billion²

• Corporate spreads leaked slightly wider to 143bps, as low oil prices drove weakness in the industrial sector³
  • Despite continued strong demand, excess oil supply is overwhelming the market, and prices are down over 10% year-to-date¹

• Thus far, second quarter earnings results have largely beaten estimates, but organic growth remains low

• Mortgage refinancing slowed this week and prepayment concerns moderated, as rates have ticked up since reaching all-time lows in early July

• Municipals yields were relatively flat on the week, with the 10-year municipal/Treasury ratio hovering around 95%¹
  • Light issuance coupled with strong economic data supported the market, despite a drop in trading activity that’s typical for the summer months


*Excess returns are the curve-adjusted excess return of a given index relative to a term structure-matched position in Treasuries.

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